



ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
(An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Basic Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

June 30, 2018

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
(An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

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KPMG LLP
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St. Louis, MO 63102-1761

Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of
the Board of Aldermen of the
City of St. Louis, Missouri:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of St. Louis Lambert International Airport, an enterprise fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise St. Louis Lambert International Airport's basic financial statements for the year then ended as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of St. Louis Lambert International Airport, as of June 30, 2018, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.



Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in note 1, the basic financial statements of St. Louis Lambert International Airport present only the financial position and the changes in financial position and cash flows of St. Louis Lambert International Airport, an enterprise fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City of St. Louis, Missouri as of June 30, 2018, the changes in its financial position or, where applicable, its cash flows, for the year then ended, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the information in the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 14 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise St. Louis Lambert International Airport's basic financial statements. The supplementary information included in schedules I through XII is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information included in schedules I through XII is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information included in schedules I through XII is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2018 on our consideration of St. Louis Lambert International Airport's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of St. Louis Lambert International Airport's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the St. Louis Lambert International Airport's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KPMG LLP

St. Louis, Missouri
December 12, 2018

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ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
(An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Management's Discussion and Analysis – Unaudited

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

The following discussion and analysis of the activity and financial performance of St. Louis Lambert International Airport (the Airport) has been prepared by Airport management to provide the reader with an introduction and overview to the basic financial statements of the Airport for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Following this discussion and analysis are the basic financial statements of the Airport including the notes which are essential to a full understanding of the data contained within the basic financial statements. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

Financial Statements

The Airport's basic financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis in accordance with the U.S. generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The Airport is structured as an enterprise fund owned and operated by the City of St. Louis, Missouri with revenues recognized when earned. Expenses are recognized when incurred. Capital assets are capitalized (other than land, construction in progress, and easements) and are depreciated over their useful lives. Amounts are restricted for debt service and, where applicable, for construction activities. Refer to note 1 of the basic financial statements for a summary of the Airport's significant accounting policies.

Summary of Airport Activity

Air travel increased in 2018 when compared to 2017 with enplaned passengers increasing by 5.9% and aircraft landings and takeoffs increasing 0.9% from fiscal year 2017. The growth is a result of airlines continuing to add more seats to the market with larger aircraft, additional flights to existing markets and new markets as well. St. Louis (STL) airlines operated 260 daily departures during the peak summer travel period. The airlines are flying to 73 nonstop destinations, which is 4 more than 2017. Activity at the Airport during fiscal years 2018 and 2017, is as follows:

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>Change</u>
Enplaned passengers	7,612,463	7,187,439	5.9 %
Aircraft landings and takeoffs	195,171	193,439	0.9
Landed weight (in thousands of pounds)	9,106,126	8,620,541	5.6
Mail and cargo (in tons)	72,810	72,402	0.6

Financial Highlights

The following represents the significant financial activity at the Airport in fiscal years 2018 and 2017 and the reasons for any fluctuations between the years:

- Operating revenues decreased 4.1% from \$140,073 in fiscal year 2017 to \$134,264 in fiscal year 2018 due to the lowering of assessed air carrier landing fees and terminal rental rates.

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(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

- Operating expenses increased 0.4% from \$141,410 in fiscal year 2017 to \$141,921 in fiscal year 2018 primarily due to the increase in security and custodial related contract costs and depreciation expenses.
- The net result of the impact to operating revenues and expenses, as discussed above, is that operating income decreased 472.7% from \$(1,337) in fiscal year 2017 to \$(7,657) in fiscal year 2018.
- Nonoperating revenues/(expenses), net, increased 344.3% from \$(3,669) in fiscal year 2017 to \$8,962 in fiscal year 2018 primarily due to 2017 Bond refunding transactions which lowered annual debt service costs and a growth in enplaned passengers which resulted in a 6.4% increase in passenger facility fee collections.
- Capital contributions received in the form of grants and buildings and improvements from the federal and state governments increased 75.0% from \$11,722 in fiscal year 2017 to \$20,508 in fiscal year 2018. The grants received in fiscal year 2018 included various FAA Airport Improvement Program airfield projects totaling \$7,740 and \$3,317 of state and marketing grants. Capital contributions also includes \$9,451 from the termination of the long term lease with the Missouri Air National Guard (MOANG) and the contribution of facilities to the Airport.
- As a result of the preceding items, net position increased 1.4% from \$1,099,986 in fiscal year 2017 to \$1,115,111 in fiscal year 2018.

Financial Position Summary

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Airport's financial position. The Airport's assets and deferred outflow of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflow of resources by \$1,115,111 at June 30, 2018.

A condensed summary of the Airport's net position at June 30, 2018 and 2017 is shown below:

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>Dollar change</u>	<u>Percentage change</u>
Assets:				
Current and other assets	\$ 340,456	577,692	(237,236)	(41.1)%
Capital assets	1,533,647	1,557,201	(23,554)	(1.5)
Deferred outflow of resources	<u>13,206</u>	<u>20,789</u>	<u>(7,583)</u>	<u>(36.5)</u>
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	<u>\$ 1,887,309</u>	<u>2,155,682</u>	<u>(268,373)</u>	<u>(12.4)%</u>

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	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>Dollar change</u>	<u>Percentage change</u>
Liabilities:				
Long-term liabilities	\$ 676,766	730,264	(53,498)	(7.3)%
Other liabilities	86,632	320,274	(233,642)	(73.0)
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>8,800</u>	<u>5,158</u>	<u>3,642</u>	<u>70.6</u>
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$ 772,198</u>	<u>1,055,696</u>	<u>(283,498)</u>	<u>(26.9)%</u>
Net position:				
Invested in capital assets	\$ 963,999	626,202	337,797	53.9 %
Restricted	91,591	408,846	(317,255)	(77.6)
Unrestricted	<u>59,521</u>	<u>64,938</u>	<u>(5,417)</u>	<u>(8.3)</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 1,115,111</u>	<u>1,099,986</u>	<u>15,125</u>	<u>1.4 %</u>

A portion of the Airport's net position (86.4% at June 30, 2018) represents its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, easements, pavings, buildings and facilities, roads, runways, and equipment), less the related accumulated depreciation and indebtedness outstanding used to acquire those capital assets. The Airport uses these capital assets to provide services to its passengers and visitors to the Airport; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Airport's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it is noted that the resources required to repay this debt must be provided annually from operations since it is unlikely the capital assets themselves will be liquidated to pay liabilities.

An additional portion of the Airport's net position (8.3% at June 30, 2018) represents net position that are subject to external restrictions on how they can be used. These assets can be used for any lawful Airport use including debt service, capital restoration, or expenditure subject to the restrictions of the Passenger Facility Charge Program and the Airport Improvement Program.

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The remaining portion of the Airport's net position (5.3% at June 30, 2018) represents its unrestricted investments, less any outstanding indebtedness, which may be used to meet any of the Airport's ongoing obligations.

In fiscal 2018, the decrease in capital assets is attributable to fewer projects capitalized during fiscal year 2018 compared to the prior fiscal year and current year depreciation expense. The decrease in long-term debt outstanding and other liabilities was attributable to the current refunding of 2007A and 2007B Series Revenue Refunding Bonds on July 3, 2017 to reduce total debt over the next 15 years by \$46,646 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present value of the old and new debt service payments) of \$35,495.

Summary of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position

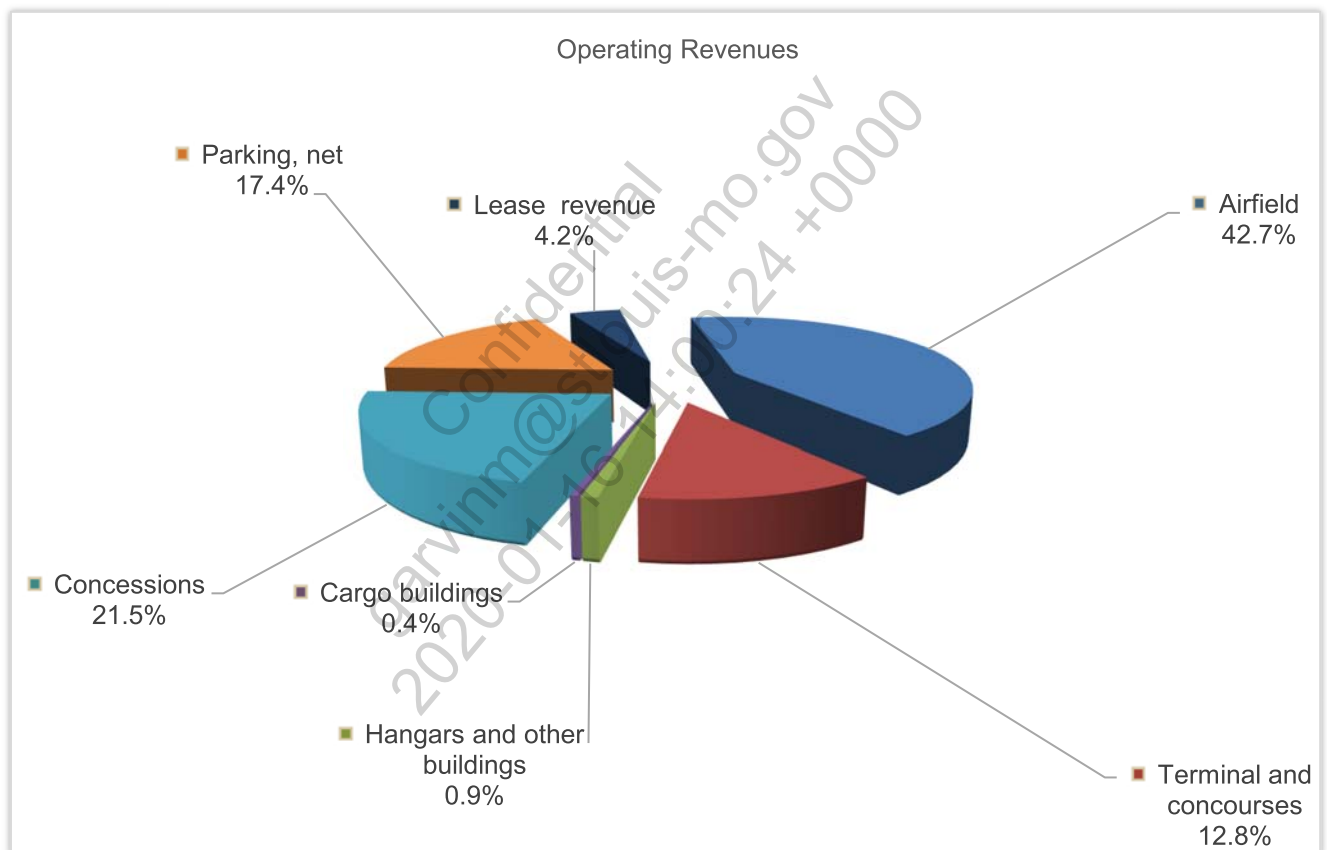
The Airport's revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 are summarized as follows:

	2018	2017	Dollar change	Percentage change
Operating revenues	\$ 134,264	140,073	(5,809)	(4.1)%
Operating expenses	141,921	141,410	511	0.4
Operating (loss)	<u>\$ (7,657)</u>	<u>(1,337)</u>	<u>(6,320)</u>	<u>472.7 %</u>
Nonoperating revenues/(expenses), net	\$ 8,962	(3,669)	12,631	344.3 %
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers, net	\$ 1,305	(5,006)	6,311	126.1 %
Capital contributions	20,508	11,722	8,786	75.0
Transfers out	<u>(6,688)</u>	<u>(6,500)</u>	<u>(188)</u>	<u>2.9</u>
Increase in net position	<u>\$ 15,125</u>	<u>216</u>	<u>14,909</u>	<u>6,902.3 %</u>
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ 1,115,111</u>	<u>1,099,986</u>	<u>15,125</u>	<u>1.4 %</u>

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(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

Revenues

The following chart shows the major sources of *operating revenues*, and their percentage share of *total operating revenues*, for the year ended June 30, 2018:



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(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

The following table summarizes *Airport operating and nonoperating revenues*, and their percentage share of *total Airport operating and nonoperating revenue*, for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	<u>2018</u>	<u>Percentage of total</u>	<u>Dollar change from 2017</u>	<u>Percentage change from 2017</u>
Operating revenues:				
Aviation revenue:				
Airfield	\$ 57,370	34.6 %	(931)	(1.6)%
Terminal and concourses	17,188	10.4	(8,102)	(32.0)
Hangars and other buildings	1,236	0.7	(114)	(8.4)
Cargo buildings	582	0.4	88	17.8
Concessions	28,820	17.4	2,513	9.6
Parking, net	23,379	14.1	272	1.2
Lease revenue	5,689	3.4	464	8.9
Total operating revenue	<u>134,264</u>	<u>81.0 %</u>	<u>(5,810)</u>	<u>(4.1)%</u>
Nonoperating revenues:				
Intergovernmental revenue	826	0.5 %	(310)	(27.3)%
Investment revenue	1,489	0.9	(257)	(14.7)
Passenger facility charges	28,510	17.2	1,717	6.4
Other nonoperating revenue, net	791	0.5	679	606.3
Gain (loss) on sale of land	(103)	(0.1)	(144)	(351.2)
Gain on extinguishment of debt	—	—	(2,097)	(100.0)
Total nonoperating revenue	<u>31,513</u>	<u>19.0 %</u>	<u>(412)</u>	<u>(1.3)%</u>
Total revenues	<u>\$ 165,777</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>	<u>(6,222)</u>	<u>(3.6)%</u>

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Management's Discussion and Analysis – Unaudited

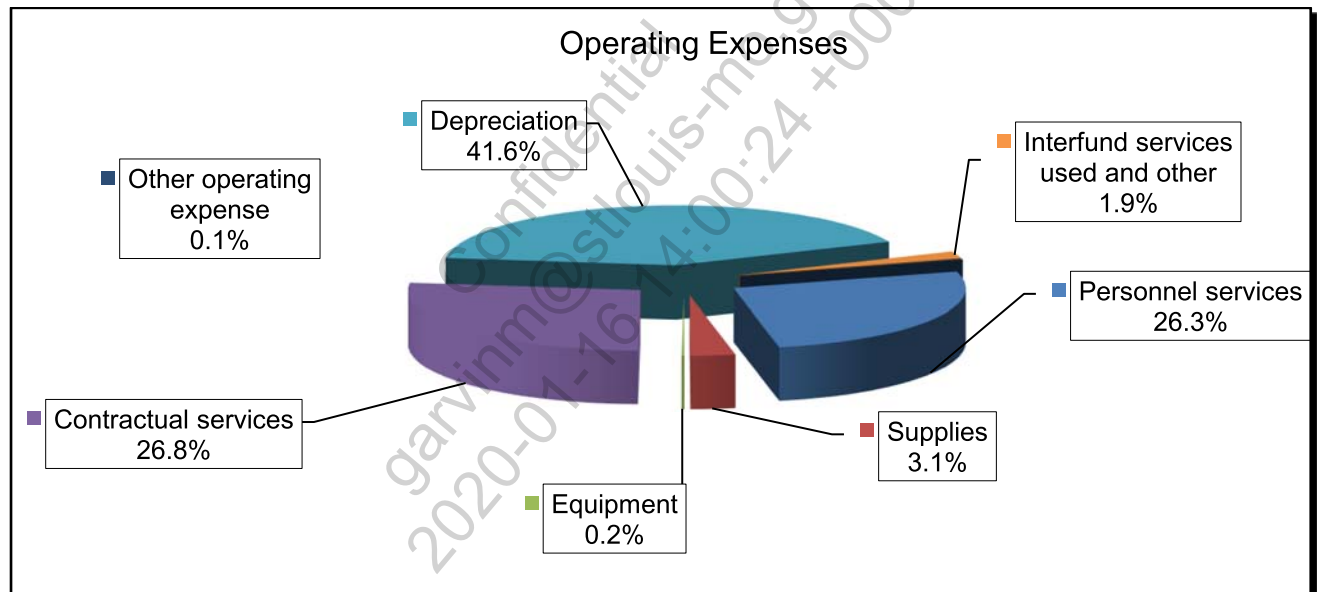
June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

Fiscal year 2018 operating revenues decreased 4.1%, or \$5,810. Primarily due to the lower terminal rental rates assessed to air carriers. In addition, nonoperating revenues decreased 1.3%, or \$412, due primarily to an increase in enplaned passengers during the fiscal year, resulting in increased passenger facility fee collections, offset by the gain on extinguishment of debt recognized in the prior year.

Expenses

The following chart shows the major sources of *operating expenses*, and their percentage share of *total operating expenses*, for the year ended June 30, 2018:



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(An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Management's Discussion and Analysis – Unaudited

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

The following table summarizes *Airport operating and nonoperating expenses*, and their percentage share of *total Airport operating and nonoperating expenses*, for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	2018	Percentage of total	Dollar change from 2017	Percentage change from 2017
Operating expenses:				
Personnel services	\$ 37,322	22.7 %	(3,038)	(7.5)%
Supplies	4,339	2.6	(490)	(10.1)
Equipment	340	0.2	77	29.3
Contractual services	38,093	23.2	2,087	5.8
Depreciation	59,012	35.9	1,753	3.1
Interfund services used	2,731	1.7	104	4.0
Other operating expenses	84	0.1	18	27.3
Total operating expenses	141,921	86.3 %	511	0.4 %
Nonoperating expenses:				
Interest expense	22,551	13.7 %	(9,740)	(30.2)%
Other nonoperating expense, net	—	—	(3,303)	100.0
Total nonoperating expenses	22,551	13.7 %	(13,043)	(36.6)%
Total expenses	\$ 164,472	100.0 %	(12,532)	(7.1)%

Airline Use Rates and Charges

As of June 30, 2018, the Airport was served by 11 signatory airlines, which have use agreements, of which two are cargo carriers. Twenty airlines have operating agreements, 16 are designated as affiliates, 1 of which is a cargo carrier. An individual airline that signed a Use and Lease Agreement with the Airport has a contract that establishes how the airlines are assessed annual rates and charges for their use of the Airport. These agreements will expire on June 30, 2021.

Landing and rental fees are calculated on budgeted operating and maintenance expenses and are charged to the airlines based upon forecasted landing weights or square footage utilized. The amount charged is adjusted at year-end based upon actual expenses and actual landed weight and the difference is settled with the Airlines. Nonaffiliated airlines with operating agreements and carriers landing without an Airport Agreement are assessed 125% of the landing fee rate assessed carriers with use agreements.

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
(An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Management's Discussion and Analysis – Unaudited

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

Capital Acquisitions and Construction Activities

During fiscal year 2018, the Airport expended \$21,131 on capital activities related to construction in progress excluding capitalized interest. During 2018, completed projects totaling approximately \$27,750 were transferred from construction in progress to their respective capital accounts. The major completed projects were as follows:

Terminal and concourse improvements	\$	8,069
Runway improvements		17,633
Roadway improvements		1,571
Airport office building, banshee buildings, and others		477
Total	\$	<u>27,750</u>

Capital asset acquisitions and improvements exceeding \$10,000 (in dollars) are capitalized at cost. Acquisitions are funded using a variety of financing techniques, including federal grants, State of Missouri grants, passenger facility charges, debt issuances, and Airport operating revenues. Additional information on the Airport's capital assets and commitments can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Passenger Facility Charges (PFC)

The Airport initially received approval from the FAA to impose a passenger facility charge of \$3.00 (in dollars) per enplaned passenger beginning December 1, 1992, not to exceed \$131,453, principally to finance the Airport Capital Improvement Program. On December 1, 2001, the Airport received approval to increase the PFC \$4.50 (in dollars) per enplaned passenger. The current limitation on passenger facility charges to be collected is \$1,075,575.

The PFC is withheld by the respective airline for each ticket or transfer in St. Louis and remitted to the Airport one month after collection, less a \$0.11 (in dollars) per ticket operating fee by the airline. PFC revenue is classified as nonoperating revenue.

Long-Term Debt Administration

At June 30, 2018, the Airport had the following bond series outstanding:

Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2005, dated July 7, 2005, maturing annually from fiscal year 2013 through 2032 with interest coupons of 5.50%

- Balance outstanding at June 30, 2018 – \$189,655

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(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A, dated January 23, 2007, maturing annually from fiscal year 2013 through 2027 with interest coupons of 5.25%

- Balance outstanding at June 30, 2018 – \$34,105

Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A, dated July 14, 2009, maturing annually from fiscal year 2024 through 2035 with interest coupons ranging from 5.375% to 6.625%

- Balance outstanding at June 30, 2018 – \$100,690

Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012, dated June 30, 2012, maturing annually from fiscal year 2013 through 2033 with interest coupons ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%

- Balance outstanding at June 30, 2018 – \$23,180

Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013, dated June 30, 2013, maturing annually from fiscal year 2014 through 2019 with interest coupons of 5.00%

- Balance outstanding at June 30, 2018 – \$6,885

Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2015, dated June 25, 2015, maturing annually from fiscal year 2020 through 2024 with interest coupon of 5.00%

- Balance outstanding at June 30, 2018 – \$17,310

Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2017A, dated June 30, 2018, maturing annually from fiscal year 2020 through 2033 with interest coupons of 5.00%

- Balance outstanding at June 30, 2018 – \$125,410

Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2017B, dated June 30, 2018, maturing annually from fiscal year 2018 through 2028 with interest coupons ranging from 4.00% to 5.00%

- Balance outstanding at June 30, 2018 – \$74,715

Revenue Bonds, Series 2017C, dated June 30, 2018, maturing annually from fiscal year 2038 through 2048 with interest coupons of 5.00%

- Balance outstanding at June 30, 2018 – \$31,700

Revenue Bonds, Series 2017D, dated June 30, 2018, maturing annually from fiscal year 2028 through 2038 with interest coupons of 5.00%

- Balance outstanding at June 30, 2018 – \$26,605

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(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

Credit Ratings

Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's) and Standard & Poor's Ratings Services (S&P), a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc., have assigned ratings of "A2" and "A-" respectively, and subsequent to June 30, 2018 on the basis of the credit of the Airport.

Requests for Information

These basic financial statements are designed to provide a general overview of the Airport's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any information provided in this report should be addressed to the Office of the Airport Assistant Director for Finance and Accounting, St. Louis Lambert International Airport, P.O. Box 10212, St. Louis, Missouri, 63145.

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ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
(An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Balance Sheet

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands)

Assets

Current assets:

Unrestricted assets:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 26,189
Investments	47,500
Accounts receivable, net	4,307
Supplies and materials	2,326
Other current assets	637

Total unrestricted assets	80,959
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Restricted assets:

Cash and cash equivalents	104,310
Accrued interest receivable	150
Passenger facility charges receivable	2,292
Government grants receivable	4,688

Total restricted assets	111,440
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Total current assets	192,399
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Noncurrent assets:

Unrestricted:

Investments	34,723
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Restricted:

Cash and cash equivalents	28,392
Investments	81,368
Capital assets, net	1,533,647
Net pension asset	1,885
Other assets	1,689

Total noncurrent assets	1,681,704
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Deferred outflows of resources-loss on bond refunding	8,205
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Deferred outflows of resources-pension related	5,001
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Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,887,309
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ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
(An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Balance Sheet

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands)

Liabilities and Net Position

Current liabilities:

Payable from unrestricted assets:

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 18,631
Unearned revenue and other current liabilities	2,036
Due to the City of St. Louis, Missouri	4,751
	<hr/>
Total payable from unrestricted assets	25,418

Payable from restricted assets:

Current maturities of revenue bonds payable	35,780
Accrued interest payable	18,190
Contracts and retainage payable	7,244
	<hr/>
Total payable from restricted assets	61,214
	<hr/>
Total current liabilities	86,632

Noncurrent liabilities:

Revenue bonds payable, net	646,250
Net pension liability	19,208
Other long-term liabilities	11,308
	<hr/>
Total noncurrent liabilities	676,766

Deferred inflows of resources-gain on bond refunding

3,015

Deferred inflows of resources-pension related

5,785

Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources

772,198

Net position:

Invested in capital assets	963,999
Restricted:	
Bond reserve funds	70,252
Passenger facility charges	21,339
Unrestricted	59,521
	<hr/>
Total net position	1,115,111
	<hr/>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 1,887,309

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
(An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position

Year ended June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands)

Operating revenue:		
Aviation revenue:		
Airfield	\$	57,370
Terminals and concourses		17,188
Hangars and other buildings		1,236
Cargo buildings		582
Concessions		28,820
Parking, net		23,379
Lease revenue		5,689
Total operating revenue		<u>134,264</u>
Operating expenses:		
Personnel services		37,322
Supplies		4,339
Equipment		340
Contractual services		38,093
Depreciation		59,012
Interfund services used		2,731
Other operating		84
Total operating expenses		<u>141,921</u>
Operating loss		<u>(7,657)</u>
Nonoperating revenue (expenses):		
Intergovernmental revenue		826
Investment revenue		1,489
Interest expense		(22,551)
Passenger facility charges		28,510
Loss on sale of land		(103)
Other, net		791
Total nonoperating revenues, net		<u>8,962</u>
Income before capital contributions and transfers		<u>1,305</u>
Capital contributions		20,508
Transfers to the City of St. Louis, Missouri		<u>(6,688)</u>
Total capital contributions and transfers		<u>13,820</u>
Increase in net position		15,125
Total net position, beginning of year		<u>1,099,986</u>
Total net position, end of year	\$	<u><u>1,115,111</u></u>

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
(An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands)

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 135,568
Payments to suppliers of goods and services	(38,455)
Payments to or on behalf of employees	(37,173)
Payments for interfund services used	<u>(2,896)</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>57,044</u>
Cash flows from noncapital financing activity:	
Transfers to other funds of the City of St. Louis, Missouri	<u>(6,688)</u>
Net cash used in noncapital financing activity	<u>(6,688)</u>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Cash collections from passenger facility charges	28,441
Receipt of federal financial assistance	12,648
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(25,844)
Proceeds from the sale of surplus property	841
Principal paid on revenue bond maturities	(276,000)
Interest paid on revenue bonds	<u>(29,570)</u>
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	<u>(289,484)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Purchases of investments	(88,756)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	69,552
Investment income	<u>3,133</u>
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(16,071)</u>
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>(255,199)</u>
Cash and cash equivalents:	
Beginning of year:	
Unrestricted	\$ 31,084
Restricted	<u>383,006</u>
	\$ <u>414,090</u>
End of year:	
Unrestricted	\$ 26,189
Restricted	<u>132,702</u>
	\$ <u>158,891</u>
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Operating (loss)	\$ (7,657)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	59,012
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable, net	886
Supplies and materials	(23)
Other assets	(78)
Net pension liabilities/assets	17,742
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	4,579
Unearned revenue	783
Due to/from the City of St. Louis, Missouri	(33)
Other long-term liabilities	<u>(18,167)</u>
Total adjustments	<u>64,701</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ <u>57,044</u>
Supplemental disclosures for noncash activities:	
Unrealized gain/(loss) on investments	\$ (1,662)
Contributed capital assets	9,451
Capital assets in contracts and retainage payable	7,244

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
(An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The St. Louis Lambert International Airport (the Airport) is owned and operated by the City of St. Louis, Missouri (the City). The Airport is an enterprise fund of the City, and therefore, the basic financial statements of the Airport are not intended to present the financial position, changes in financial position, and cash flows of the City as a whole in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

(a) Basis of Accounting

Governmental enterprise funds are used to account for operations of governmental entities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

The Airport prepares its financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for governmental enterprise funds, which are similar to those for private business enterprises. Accordingly, the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are used whereby revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred.

In reporting its financial activity, the Airport applies all applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an enterprise fund's ongoing operations. Revenues from airlines, concessions, and parking are reported as operating revenues. Transactions that are capital, financing, or investing related are reported as nonoperating revenue. All expenses related to operating the Airport are reported as operating expenses. Interest expense, financing costs, gains and losses on the disposal of capital assets, and gains and losses on the extinguishment of debt are reported as nonoperating expenses.

(b) Accounts Receivable, Net

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2018 consist of \$4,352 due from air carriers and concessionaires with operations at the Airport. Such amounts are recorded net of allowances for uncollectible accounts of \$45.

(c) Supplies and Materials

Supplies and materials represent items used in support of operations and maintenance of the Airport. Supplies and materials amounts are recorded at cost using a method that approximates the first-in, first-out method.

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
(An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

(d) Passenger Facility Charges (PFCs)

The Airport collects a \$4.50 (in dollars) facility charge per enplaned passenger to fund approved FAA projects. The PFCs are withheld by the respective airlines for each ticket purchased and passenger transfer made in St. Louis and remitted to the Airport one month after the month of receipt, less an \$0.11 (in dollars) per ticket operating fee retained by the airlines. PFCs represent an exchange-like transaction, and are recognized as nonoperating revenue based upon passenger enplanements. Passenger facility charges receivable as of June 30, 2018 were \$2,292. These amounts were collected during July and August of 2018.

(e) Capital Assets, Net

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Depreciation, including depreciation recognized on assets acquired through government grants and other aid, is computed on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the various classes of assets. Land is recorded at cost, which, in addition to the purchase price, includes appraisal and legal fees, demolition, and homeowner relocation costs. Net interest costs on funds borrowed to finance the construction of capital assets are capitalized and amortized over the life of the related asset.

Airport management has evaluated prominent events or changes in circumstances affecting capital assets to determine whether any impairments of capital assets have occurred (note 12). Such events or changes in circumstances that were considered by Airport management to be indicative of impairment include evidence of physical damage, enactment or approval of laws or regulations, or other changes in environmental factors, technological changes or evidence of obsolescence, changes in the manner or duration of use of a capital asset, and construction stoppage.

(f) Interest Expense

Bond discounts and bond premiums are recorded as reductions of or additions to the related debt obligation as appropriate. Such amounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the bonds outstanding method. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an outflow of resources and are expensed as incurred.

(g) Other Assets

Other noncurrent assets, as of June 30, 2018, comprise an advance of \$1,689 provided to the Airport's parking contractor and will be repaid to the Airport at the conclusion of the parking contract.

(h) Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses at June 30, 2018 comprise \$4,017, of accrued salaries and benefits; \$13,274 due to vendors and contractors; and \$1,340 of other accrued expenses.

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
(An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

(i) *Vacation and Sick Leave Benefits*

Under the terms of the City's personnel policy, City employees are granted vacation and sick leave. Employees who have an unused sick leave balance may, at retirement, elect to receive payment for one-half of the sick leave balance. As an estimate of the portion of sick leave that will result in termination payments, a liability has been recorded on the accompanying financial statements within other long-term liabilities representing one-half of the accumulated sick leave balances for those employees who will be eligible to retire within five years. The liability totaled \$2,017 as of June 30, 2018, and is included in other long-term liabilities.

The vacation liability reflects amounts attributable to employee services already rendered and are cumulative. The liability totaled \$2,928 as of June 30, 2018, and is included in accounts payable and accrued expenses.

(j) *Capital Contributions and Intergovernmental Revenue*

Capital contributions represent government grants used to fund capital projects and other contributed capital. Generally, capital contributions are recognized when the related expenditure is made and amounts become subject to claim for reimbursement. Certain Airport Improvement Program grants include look-back provisions, which allow the Airport to seek reimbursement for expenditures incurred prior to the respective Airport Improvement Program grant award date. In such circumstances, the Airport recognizes capital contributions for such grants upon meeting both the applicable eligibility requirements established by GASB Statement No. 33, *Accounting for Nonexchange Transactions*, and upon the designation of expenditures as eligible Airport Improvement Program expenditures as evaluated through the report date of the accompanying financial statements. Amounts received from other governments that are not restricted for capital purposes are reflected as nonoperating intergovernmental revenue.

(k) *Statement of Cash Flows*

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, "cash and cash equivalents" is defined as all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

(l) *Use of Estimates*

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
(An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

(2) Cash and Investments

The Airport applies the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, which requires investments to be measured at fair value. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The statement established a hierarchy of inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy has three levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs—other than quoted prices—included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs, such as management's assumption of the default rate among underlying mortgages of a mortgage-backed security.

The following table presents assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2018:

Assets	Total	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$ 23,453	—	23,453	—
Federal National Mortgage Association	29,009	—	29,009	—
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	11,088	—	11,088	—
Commercial Paper	34,395	—	34,395	—
U.S. Treasury bills and notes	149,282	149,282	—	—
International Bank Notes	15,591	—	15,591	—
Money Market Mutual Funds	25,429	—	25,429	—
	<u>\$ 288,247</u>	<u>149,282</u>	<u>138,965</u>	<u>—</u>

Investments are recorded at fair value. Fair value for investments is determined by quoted market prices or by using other observable inputs at year-end as reported by the respective investment custodian.

The Airport deposits all cash with the Office of the Treasurer of the City, which maintains all banking relationships for the Airport. Additionally, all investment decisions are made by the City Treasurer and the City's agents.

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
(An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

Certificates of deposit are defined as investments for balance sheet classification and cash flow purposes; for custodial risk disclosure, however, they are described below as cash deposits. In addition, money market mutual funds are classified as cash and cash equivalents on the balance sheet, but as investments for custodial risk disclosure.

The Airport's current assets contemplate the exclusion of resources that are restricted as to withdrawal or use for other than current operations, are designated for expenditure in the acquisition or construction of noncurrent assets, or are segregated for the liquidation of long-term debts (except for maturing debt that is recorded as a current liability).

As of June 30, 2018, the Airport had the following cash deposits and investments:

Federal Home Loan Bank	\$ 23,453
Federal National Mortgage Association	29,009
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	11,088
U.S. Treasury bills and notes	149,282
International Bank Notes	15,591
Money market mutual funds	25,429
Other cash deposits	34,235
Commercial paper	34,395
	<hr/>
	\$ <u>322,482</u>

State statutes and City investment policies authorize the deposit of funds in financial institutions and trust companies. Investments may be made in obligations of the U.S. Government or any agency or instrumentality thereof; bonds of the State of Missouri, the City of St. Louis, Missouri, or any city within the state with a population of 400,000 inhabitants or more; or time certificates of deposit. In addition, the City may enter into repurchase agreements maturing and becoming payable within 90 days secured by U.S. Treasury obligations or obligations of the U.S. Government agencies or instrumentalities of any maturity as provided by law. Funds in the form of cash deposits are required to be insured or collateralized by authorized investments held in the City's name.

(a) Interest Rate Risk

The Airport seeks to minimize its exposure to fair value losses arising from changes in interest rates by selecting investments in adherence to the Investment Policy for the City of St. Louis, Missouri (Investment Policy). The Investment Policy provides that, to the extent possible, the City shall attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the City will not directly invest in securities or make a time deposit with a stated maturity or more than five years from the date of purchase. The average maturity for collateral provided to the City for deposits in connection with a repurchase agreement shall not exceed five years without the written approval of the City Treasurer. In connection with any outstanding bond issue, debt service reserve funds may be invested to a maximum maturity of 15 years, and up to 30 years with the approval of the Treasurer.

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
(An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

The investments had the following maturities on June 30, 2018:

	Fair value	Investment maturities (in years)		
		Less than 1	1 – 5	6 – 10
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$ 23,453	23,453	—	—
Federal National Mortgage Association	29,009	8,380	20,629	—
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	11,088	6,988	4,100	—
Commercial paper	34,395	34,395	—	—
U.S. Treasury bills and notes	149,282	76,661	72,621	—
International Bank Notes	15,591	—	15,591	—
Money Market Mutual Funds	25,429	25,429	—	—
	<u>\$ 288,247</u>	<u>175,306</u>	<u>112,941</u>	<u>—</u>

(b) Credit Risk

The Investment Policy provides that investments of the City be rated in one of the three highest ratings categories by Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's Corporation, or Fitch's Ratings Service.

The investments had the following ratings on June 30, 2018:

	Fair value	Investment Ratings (Standard and Poor's)				
		AAA	A-1+	A-1	AA+	Not rated
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$ 23,453	—	—	—	12,079	11,374
Federal National Mortgage Association	29,009	—	—	—	29,009	—
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	11,088	—	—	—	11,088	—
Commercial paper	34,395	—	—	24,390	—	10,005
U.S. Treasury bills and notes*	149,282	—	—	—	49,790	99,492
International Bank Notes	15,591	15,591	—	—	—	—
Money Market Mutual Funds	25,429	—	—	—	—	25,429
	<u>\$ 288,247</u>	<u>15,591</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>24,390</u>	<u>101,966</u>	<u>146,300</u>

* The Airport's investments in U.S. Treasury Bills and Notes are explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and, therefore, do not require a rating.

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
(An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

(c) Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the Airport will not be able to recover the value of the investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of the counterparty.

The Investment Policy requires that all cash deposits, time certificates of deposit, deposits with listed institutions, and repurchase agreements be covered by adequate pledged collateral or held in trust for the payment of the principal or redemption price of interest on any bond. Acceptable collateral includes U.S. Treasury obligations, other interest-bearing securities guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. or an agency or instrumentality of the U.S., bonds of the State of Missouri, or bonds of the City. The market value of the principal and accrued interest of the collateral must equal 103% of the deposits secured, less any amount subject to federal deposit insurance. All City securities and securities pledged as collateral must be held in a segregated account on behalf of the City by an independent third party with whom the City has a current custodial agreement and has been designated by the Treasurer and Funds Committee as eligible to serve in such a capacity.

At June 30, 2018, all Airport investments and all collateral securities pledged against Airport deposits are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name.

(d) Concentration of Credit Risk

The Investment Policy of the City provides that, with the exception of U.S. Treasury Securities, no more than 50% of the City's total investment portfolio will be invested in a single security type or with a single financial institution. The Airport has no separate policy related to the concentration of credit risk, and the Airport's concentration of credit risk is considered in conjunction with the review of the concentration of credit risk for the City's total investment portfolio.

At June 30, 2018, the concentration of the Airport's investments (excluding cash deposits) was as follows:

Federal National Mortgage Association	10.06 %
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	3.85
Commercial paper	11.93
U.S. Treasury bills and notes	51.79
International Bank Notes	5.41
Federal Home Loan Bank	8.14
Money Market Mutual Funds	8.82
	<hr/>
	100.00 %

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
(An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

(3) Restricted Assets

Cash and investments, restricted in accordance with bond provisions, are as follows at June 30, 2018:

Airport Bond Fund:	
Debt Service Account	\$ 109,772
Debt Service Reserve Account	26,546
Airport Renewal and Replacement Fund	3,500
Passenger Facility Charge Fund	19,047
Airport Debt Service Stabilization Fund	38,211
Airport Construction Fund	14,923
Drug Enforcement Agency funds	2,071
	<hr/>
	\$ 214,070

Bond provisions require that revenues derived from the operation of the Airport be deposited into the unrestricted Airport Revenue Fund. From this fund, the following allocations are made (as soon as practicable in each month after the deposit of revenues, but no later than five business days before the end of each month) in the following order of priority, and as applicable:

- (a) Unrestricted Airport Operation and Maintenance Fund: An amount sufficient to pay the estimated operation and maintenance expenses during the next month.
- (b) Airport Bond Fund: For credit to the Debt Service Account if and to the extent required so that the balance in said account shall equal the accrued aggregate debt service on the bonds, to the last day of the then-current calendar month. This account shall be used only for payment of bond principal and interest as the same shall become due.
- (c) Airport Bond Fund: For credit to the Debt Service Reserve Account: An amount sufficient to maintain a balance in such account equal to the debt service reserve requirement (an amount equal to the greatest amount of principal and interest due in any future fiscal year). This account shall be available for deficiencies in the Debt Service Account on the last business day of any month, and the balance shall be transferred to the Debt Service Account whenever the balance in the Debt Service Account (before the transfer) is not sufficient to pay fully all outstanding bonds.
- (d) Arbitrage Rebate Fund: An amount necessary to fund the Arbitrage Rebate in order to pay the Rebate Amount when due and payable.
- (e) Subordinated Indebtedness: An amount sufficient to pay Subordinated Indebtedness in accordance with the authorizing and implementing documents for such Subordinated Indebtedness.

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

- (f) Airport Renewal and Replacement Fund: An amount equal to \$57, provided that no deposit shall be required to be made into said fund whenever and as long as uncommitted moneys in said fund are equal to or greater than \$3,500 or such larger amount as the City shall determine is necessary for purposes of said fund and provided further that, if any such monthly allocation to said fund shall be less than the required amounts, the amount of the next succeeding monthly payments shall be increased by the amount of such deficiency. This fund shall be used for paying costs of renewal or replacement of capital items used in connection with the operation of the Airport.
- (g) A subaccount in the Airport Revenue Fund: An amount determined from time to time by the City such that if deposits were made in amounts equal to such amount in each succeeding month during each Airport fiscal year, the balance in such subaccount shall equal the amounts payable to the City with respect to such Airport fiscal year for the payment of 5% of gross receipts from operations of the Airport. A maximum of 80% of the monthly transfer to this subaccount may be paid to the City during the Airport's fiscal year. The final installment may only be paid to the City upon delivery of the Airport's audited financial statements to the Airport Bond Fund Trustee.
- (h) Airport Debt Service Stabilization Fund and the Airport Development Fund: Various amounts for fiscal years 2006 through 2011, achieved a balance of \$38,211 at the end of fiscal year 2011. Beginning in fiscal year 2012, the Airport will allocate an amount sufficient to bring the amount on deposit in the Debt Stabilization Fund equal to the Debt Stabilization Fund Requirement (or such lesser amount as is available in the Revenue Fund for such transfer).
- (i) The remaining balance in the Revenue Fund shall be deposited into the Airport Development Fund. This fund shall be used for extensions and improvements to the Airport, including equipment acquisition.

Bond provisions provide that, in the event the sums on deposit in the Airport Bond Fund – Debt Service and Debt Service Reserve Accounts are insufficient to pay accruing interest, maturing principal or both, Airport Development Fund, and Airport Renewal and Replacement Fund may be drawn upon, to the extent necessary, to provide for the payment of such interest, principal, or both. Any sums so withdrawn from these accounts for said purposes shall be restored thereto in the manner provided for in their original establishment. Bond provisions also provide that the principal proceeds from the sale of Airport revenue bonds shall be held in the Airport Construction Fund from which they shall be disbursed for the purposes contemplated in the related bond provisions and City ordinances.

Passenger Facility Charge Fund and Drug Enforcement Agency Funds are restricted in accordance with program agreements.

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
(An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

(4) Capital Assets

Following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	Balances, June 30, 2017	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	Balances, June 30, 2018
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Pavings	\$ 1,040,833	—	—	18,669	1,059,502
Buildings and facilities	655,466	10,195	—	9,068	674,729
Equipment	89,233	4,284	(1,324)	13	92,206
	<u>1,785,532</u>	<u>14,479</u>	<u>(1,324)</u>	<u>27,750</u>	<u>1,826,437</u>
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Pavings	(530,171)	(33,123)	—	—	(563,294)
Buildings and facilities	(411,783)	(22,085)	—	—	(433,868)
Equipment	(65,014)	(3,804)	1,298	—	(67,520)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(1,006,968)</u>	<u>(59,012)</u>	<u>1,298</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(1,064,682)</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>778,564</u>	<u>(44,533)</u>	<u>(26)</u>	<u>27,750</u>	<u>761,755</u>
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	751,089	—	(126)	—	750,963
Construction in progress	24,042	21,131	—	(27,750)	17,423
Easements	3,506	—	—	—	3,506
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>778,637</u>	<u>21,131</u>	<u>(126)</u>	<u>(27,750)</u>	<u>771,892</u>
	<u>\$ 1,557,201</u>	<u>(23,402)</u>	<u>(152)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>1,533,647</u>

Construction in progress as of June 30, 2018 consists of various improvements to the airfield and terminal buildings, as well as property purchased on which the Airport's expansion facilities will be constructed.

The estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

	Years
Pavings	5–30
Buildings and facilities	5–30
Equipment	3–20

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

(5) Change in Long-Term Liabilities

Following is a summary of the changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	Balances, June 30, 2017	Additions	Reductions	Balances, June 30, 2018	Due within one year
Revenue bonds payable (note 6)	\$ 906,255	—	(276,000)	630,255	35,780
Unamortized discounts and premiums (note 6)	60,194	—	(8,419)	51,775	—
Net pension liability	28,077	—	(8,869)	19,208	—
Pension Funding Project (note 14)	4,828	—	(124)	4,704	132
Other long-term liabilities	372	—	—	372	—
Accrued vacation, compensatory, and sick time benefits	5,327	3,323	(3,294)	5,356	3,339
Unearned lease revenues	4,629	—	(282)	4,347	—
Total	\$ 1,009,682	3,323	(296,988)	716,017	39,251

(6) Revenue Bonds Payable

Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2018 are summarized as follows:

Bond Series 2005, interest rate of 5.50%, payable in varying amounts through 2032	\$ 189,655
Bond Series 2007A, interest rate ranging of 5.25%, payable in varying amounts through 2027	34,105
Bond Series 2009A, interest rate ranging from 5.375% to 6.625%, payable in varying amounts through 2035	100,690
Bond Series 2012, interest rate ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%, payable in varying amounts through 2033	23,180
Bond Series 2013, interest rate of 5.00%, payable in varying amounts through 2019	6,885
Bond Series 2015, interest rate of 5.00%, payable in varying amounts through 2024	17,310
Bond Series 2017A, interest rate ranging of 5.00%, payable in varying amounts through 2033	125,410
Bond Series 2017B, interest rate ranging from 4.00% to 5.00%, payable in varying amounts through 2028	74,715

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

Bond Series 2017C, interest rate of 5.00%, payable in varying amounts through 2048	\$ 31,700
Bond Series 2017D, interest rate of 5.00%, payable in varying amounts through 2038	<u>26,605</u>
	<u>630,255</u>
Less:	
Current maturities	(35,780)
Unamortized discounts and premiums	<u>51,775</u>
	<u>15,995</u>
	<u><u>\$ 646,250</u></u>

Interest payments on the above issues are due semiannually on January 1 and July 1.

Debt-Related Items Presented as Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, the gain/loss on bond refunding has been recorded as a deferred outflows/inflows of resources, net of the accumulated amortization and will be recognized as a component of interest expense using the bonds outstanding method over the life of the new bonds or of the old bonds, whichever is less. The detail of the debt-related items recognized as deferred outflows/inflows of resources as of June 30, 2018 is presented below:

Debt-Related Deferred Outflow/Inflow of Resources

Deferred outflow of resources – loss on bond refunding	\$ 8,205
Deferred inflow of resources – gain on bond refunding	(3,015)

Management is not aware of any violations of significant bond covenants with respect to the above issues at June 30, 2018.

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As of June 30, 2018, the Airport's aggregate debt service requirements for the next five years and in five-year increments thereafter are as follows:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
Year(s) ending June 30:			
2019	\$ 35,780	32,508	68,288
2020	36,315	30,631	66,946
2021	36,695	28,905	65,600
2022	38,310	27,119	65,429
2023	40,270	25,105	65,375
2024-2028	194,440	96,037	290,477
2029-2033	183,815	41,333	225,148
2034-2038	32,930	11,074	44,004
2039-2043	13,930	6,252	20,182
2044-2048	17,770	2,308	20,078
	<u>\$ 630,255</u>	<u>301,272</u>	<u>931,527</u>

(7) Use Agreements and Leases with Signatory Air Carriers

Effective July 1, 2016, the Airport entered into long-term use and lease agreements with signatory air carriers that expire on June 30, 2021. Under the terms of the use and lease agreements, the air carriers have agreed to pay airfield landing fees; terminal and concourse rentals; hangar, cargo, and maintenance facility rentals; and certain miscellaneous charges in consideration for use of the Airport. The use and lease agreements also require the Airport to make certain capital improvements and to provide maintenance of certain Airport facilities. Payments by the air carriers are determined as follows:

- (a) Landing fees are calculated based on estimated operating and maintenance expenses of the airfield and allocated to the air carriers on the basis of landing weights. Landing fee revenues are adjusted each year by retroactive rate adjustment that is calculated as the difference between estimated and actual costs incurred and estimated and actual landing weights. These revenues are included in aviation revenue—airfield.
- (b) Rentals are calculated based on estimated operating and maintenance expenses of the terminals and concourse areas and hangars, cargo, and maintenance facilities, and allocated to the air carriers on the basis of square footage leased in the terminals. Rental revenue is adjusted each year by retroactive rate adjustment that is calculated as the difference between estimated and actual costs incurred. These revenues are included in aviation revenue—terminals and concourses.
- (c) Miscellaneous income is derived from the air carriers for their use of sanitary disposal facilities and airline service buildings.

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During fiscal year 2018, revenues from signatory air carriers accounted for 48.1% of total Airport operating revenues.

Minimum future rentals for each year in the next five years and in the aggregate are not determinable given the method of calculation.

The following is a summary of aviation revenue by category and source from signatory and nonsignatory air carriers for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	<u>Signatory</u>	<u>Nonsignatory</u>	<u>Total</u>
Airfield	\$ 47,243	10,127	57,370
Terminal and concourses	16,465	723	17,188
Hangars and other buildings	540	696	1,236
Cargo buildings	303	279	582
	<u>\$ 64,551</u>	<u>11,825</u>	<u>76,376</u>

No assurance can be given as to the levels of aviation activity that will be achieved at the Airport in future fiscal years. Future traffic at the Airport is sensitive to a variety of factors including (1) the growth in the population and the economy of the area served by the Airport; (2) national and international political and economic conditions, including the effects of any past or future terrorist attacks; (3) air carrier economics and air fares; (4) the availability and price of aviation fuel; (5) air carrier service and route networks; (6) the capacity of the air traffic control system; and (7) the capacity of the Airport/airways system.

The level of aviation activity at the Airport can have a material impact on the amount of total revenues generated at the Airport. However, Airport management believes the risk of significant variance in Airport revenues is mitigated by the Airport Use Agreements, concession agreements, and other leases, which contain minimum annual revenue guarantees. Effective July 1, 2016, the Airport entered into a new long-term Airport Use and Lease Agreement (AUA) with signatory air carriers which will expire June 30, 2021. Contemporaneously, the Airport also adopted a new companion Airline Operating Agreement and Terminal Building Space Permit (AOA), which the Airport will make available to airlines that elect not to enter into an AUA. The new agreements retain most of the provisions of the prior master agreements which expired June 30, 2016.

(8) Use Agreement with Signatory Air Carriers – Southwest Airlines and American Airlines, Inc.

Southwest Airlines (Southwest) and American Airlines, Inc. (American) represent the major air carriers providing air passenger service at the Airport.

Southwest provided 27.0% of the Airport's total operating revenues and 56.2% of total revenues from participating air carriers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Accounts receivable at June 30, 2018 contained \$1,448 relating to unused credits issued by the Airport to Southwest. These amounts include \$2,057 of unbilled aviation revenue credits at June 30, 2018.

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American provided 8.7% of the Airport's total operating revenues and 18.1% of total revenues from signatory air carriers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Accounts receivable at June 30, 2018 contained \$2,015 relating to unused credits issued by the Airport to American. These amounts include \$703 of unbilled aviation revenue credits at June 30, 2018.

(9) Operating Leases

The Airport leases facilities and land with varying renewal privileges to various nonsignatory air carriers, concessionaires, and others. These leases, for periods ranging from 1 to 50 years, require the payment of minimum annual rentals. The following is a schedule by year of minimum future rentals on noncancelable operating leases, other than leases with signatory airlines, pursuant to long-term use agreements:

Year(s) ending June 30:		
2019	\$	27,255
2020		19,970
2021		11,986
2022		9,684
2023		7,377
2024–2028		16,781
2029–2033		14,219
2034–2038		5,602
thereafter		<u>5,120</u>
Total minimum future rentals	\$	<u><u>117,994</u></u>

The above amounts do not include contingent rentals that may be received under certain leases. Such contingent rentals amounted to \$46,529 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Unearned lease revenues included in other long-term liabilities in the amount of \$4,348 as of June 30, 2018 represent the upfront lease revenues received by the Airport for the lease of certain land.

The Airport leases computer and other equipment and has service agreements under noncancelable arrangements that expire at various dates through April 2020. Expenses for operating leases and service agreements were \$37 for the year ended June 30, 2018. Future minimum payments are as follows:

Year(s) ending June 30:		
2019	\$	48
2020		43
2021		26
2022		<u>7</u>
Total minimum future rentals	\$	<u><u>124</u></u>

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(10) Concessions Revenues

During fiscal year 2018, revenues from concessionaires accounted for 21.5% of total Airport operating revenues.

Following is a summary of revenues received by type of concession for the year ended June 30, 2018:

Advertising	\$ 843
Transportation services	3,061
Automobile rental	12,308
General merchandise sales	4,626
Food and catering services	6,160
Other	1,822
	<u>\$ 28,820</u>

(11) Parking Revenues, Net

Parking revenues, net represents revenues collected in conjunction with the operations of the Airport parking facilities, net of related expenses. Gross parking revenues and parking expenses for the year ended June 30, 2018 as follows:

Parking revenues	\$ 34,086
Parking expenses	<u>(10,707)</u>
Parking revenues, net	<u>\$ 23,379</u>

(12) Impairment of Capital Assets

Airport management performed an evaluation of capital assets, including whether prominent events or changes in circumstances affecting capital assets occurred, which may be indicative of impairment. As a result of evaluation of capital assets performed, and subsequent measurement of potential impairment losses, the Airport did not identify any impairments of capital assets during the years ended June 30, 2018.

(13) Related-Party Transactions

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the City charged the Airport \$1,502 for services rendered by various City departments, which are included in the Airport's operating expenses as interfund services used.

Each year, the Airport pays the City a gross receipts tax of approximately 5% of the Airport's gross receipts. During the year ended June 30, 2018, gross receipts tax amounted to \$6,688 and is reflected as transfers to the City of St. Louis, Missouri in the accompanying basic financial statements. As of June 30, 2018, \$1,975 remains unpaid.

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(14) Retirement Plans

All employees of the Airport are covered by the following citywide employee retirement plans. Financial information has been taken directly from the financial statements that were audited by other auditors and whose reports have been furnished to us. The employees of the Airport Fire Department are covered by the Firemen's Retirement System of St. Louis (FRS), a single-employer defined-benefit retirement plan. Effective February 1, 2013, the City passed Ordinances #69149 and #69245 (amended by #69353) and Judge Dierker's ruling (Board Bill 109) replaced the FRS with a new retirement system, The Firefighters' Retirement Plan (FRP). All other employees are covered by the Employees' Retirement System of the City of St. Louis (Employees' System), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, public defined-benefit retirement plan. Each system is administered by a separate Board of Trustees, members of which are appointed by City officials and plan participants.

Firemen's Retirement System of St. Louis (FRS)

(a) System Description (FRS)

The FRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to the Firemen's Retirement System of St. Louis; 1601 S. Broadway; St. Louis, Missouri, 63104.

The following disclosures are based on the September 30, 2017 FRS financial statements and the October 1, 2017 actuarial valuation. The valuation as of October 1, 2017, reflects the changes attributable to Ordinances #69245 and #69353, and Judge Dierker's subsequent ruling (Board Bill 109). Key changes to the FRS are as follows:

- FRS is frozen as of February 1, 2013. That is, benefits paid from FRS will be based on the member's service and salary earned as of February 1, 2013. Participants with benefit service in FRS are classified as "grandfathered" members.
- Firefighters hired after February 1, 2013 are not members of FRS.
- Vesting and eligibility service earned after February 1, 2013 in the newly established Firemen's Retirement Plan of St. Louis (FRP) will count toward vesting and eligibility service in FRS.
- Ancillary benefits, for disability or death occurring after February 1, 2013, are assumed to be paid from the newly established FRP to the extent that benefits do not depend on service earned prior to February 1, 2013. FRS members who become disabled or die before retirement are eligible for a refund of contributions made to FRS.
- Employer contributions to the frozen FRS will continue to be calculated under the Frozen Initial Liability cost method.
- Member contributions after February 1, 2013 from "grandfathered" participants in FRS will be paid to the FRP.
- Grandfathered members with 20 or more years of service as of February 1, 2013 are eligible to retire with unreduced FRP benefits if retirement commences before age 55.

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- Grandfathered members with less than 20 years of service as of February 1, 2013 are eligible to retire with actuarially reduced FRP benefits if retirement commences before age 55.

As a result of Board Bill 109, the following assumptions were made:

- Since benefits paid under FRS will no longer depend on future salary increases, future salary increase assumptions have been eliminated in the projection of pay and valuation of benefits. Costs will continue to be spread over the present value of future salary, which includes future salary increases.
- It is assumed that grandfathered members with less than 20 years of service as of February 1, 2013 will not retire prior to age 55. The retirement rates were adjusted to reflect accelerated retirement when these members first become eligible at age 55.
- It was assumed the Firemen's System frozen benefit relating to service and pay as of February 1, 2018, will be used to offset post-retirement survivor benefits paid under Firefighters' Plan.
- The overall rates of disability were not changed, but the proportion of ordinary accidental disabilities was changed from 20% ordinary and 80% accidental to 60% ordinary and 40% accidental.

Plan liabilities for FRS after Board Bill 109 are predominantly for retired members and their beneficiaries. That is, the proportion of retired liabilities to total plan liabilities is projected to be over 80% within 10 years.

An agreement between the City and FRS was reached regarding the recognition of City contributions under Board Bill 109. The City made contributions to FRS from February 1, 2013 to September 30, 2013. The contributions for this period recognize the impact of Board Bill 109, certain excess FRS City contributions were transferred from FRS to FRP.

The FRS, in accordance with Ordinance #62994 of the City, initiated during the Firemen's System's fiscal year ended August 31, 1994, the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). The DROP plan is available to members of the system who have achieved at least 20 years of creditable service and have eligibility for retirement. Those members who elect to participate will continue active employment, will have a service retirement allowance credited monthly into the DROP account of the member, and the member's contribution will be reduced to 1% from the normal 8%. During participation in the DROP plan, the member will not receive credit for employer contributions or credit for service. A member may participate in the DROP only once for any period up to five years. At retirement, the funds in the member's DROP account plus interest and accrued sick leave, if elected, are available to the member in a lump sum or in installments.

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(b) Funding Policy (FRS)

Firefighters contributed 8% of their salary to the FRS, as mandated per State statute and adopted by City ordinance through February 1, 2013 (date frozen). The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund the FRS. The City's policy is that the Airport pays 10% of the contribution for FRS.

(c) Net Pension Liability (Asset) (FRS)

The Airport's pension liability (asset) for the FRS as of June 30, 2018 was measured as of September 30, 2017 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2017.

	Total pension liability (TPL) (a)	Fiduciary net position (FNP) (b)	Net pension liability (asset) (NPL) (c)
Balances at July 1, 2017	\$ 48,952	45,365	3,587
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	—	—	—
Interest	3,454	—	3,454
Difference between expected and actual experience	(2,646)	—	(2,646)
Assumption changes	—	—	—
Contributions	—	331	(331)
Refunds	(82)	(82)	—
Benefit payments	(3,202)	(3,202)	—
Net investment income	—	6,039	(6,039)
Transfer (out) in due to settlement agreement	—	17	(17)
Administrative expenses	—	(107)	107
Net changes	(2,476)	2,996	(5,472)
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$ 46,476	48,361	(1,885)

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(d) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (FRS)

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation of the FRS are as follows:

Method:

Date of actuarial valuation	October 1, 2017
Actuarial cost method (GASB 67/68 Rptg)	Entry Age – Normal
Amortization Method/period	30-year closed from establishment
Asset valuation method	3-year smoothed average of market value

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return	7.3%, net of investment expenses of 50 basis points
Long-term municipal bond rate	3.50%
Rate of payroll growth	Benefits frozen as of February 1, 2013; therefore, no salary increases have been assumed

Consumer price inflation

2.75%

Mortality

Post-retirement ordinary – RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant
Mortality Tables, sex distinct
Pre-retirement – RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables,
sex distinct
Post-disability – assumed to be 20% higher than
post-retirement mortality rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the October 1, 2017 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period October 2010 to October 2014 which was performed to compare actual demographic and economic experience with the actuarial assumptions used in the actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on the FRS investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These real rates of return are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. For each major

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asset class that is included in the pension plans target asset allocation as of October 1, 2017, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return
Fixed income	25 %	(1.30)%
Domestic equity	26	4.30
International equity	24	4.70
Private equity	—	9.40
Real estate	15	4.80
Hedge funds	10	2.20
Total	<u>100 %</u>	

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.30%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the Airport would make the required contributions as defined by State statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees and their beneficiaries. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset). For the October 1, 2017 actuarial valuation, a 7.30% discount rate was used. The sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate for the year ended June 30, 2018 for the Airport is as follows:

	Discount rate	Net pension liability (asset)
1% decrease	6.30 %	\$ 2,462
Current rate	7.30	(1,885)
1% increase	8.30	(5,582)

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(e) Pension Expense (FRS)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the Airport recognized pension expense of \$593. Annual pension expense consists of service cost, interest, and administrative expenses on the pension liability less employee contributions and projected earnings on pension plan investments. The difference between actual and expected earnings is recorded as a deferred outflow/inflow of resources recognized in pension expense over a five year period. The pension expense for the Airport's fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 is summarized as follows:

Service cost	\$	—
Interest		3,453
Administrative expenses		107
Other changes – transfer due to settlement agreement		(17)
Projected earnings on pension plan investments		(3,201)
Recognized assumption changes		1,129
Recognition of outflow due to investment experience		49
Recognition of outflow due to liability experience		(927)
Pension expense for year ended June 30, 2018	\$	<u>593</u>

(f) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pension (FRS)

In accordance with GASB Statement 68, the Airport recognizes differences between actual and expected experience with regard to economic or demographic factors, changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors, the difference between actual and expected investment returns, changes in proportion, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date as deferred outflows/inflows of resources. At June 30, 2018, the Airport reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources as follows:

	Deferred outflows of resources	Deferred inflows of resources
Difference between expected and actual liability experience	\$ —	2,232
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	—	950
Changes in assumptions	1,005	—
Total	\$ <u>1,005</u>	<u>3,182</u>

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The Airport recognizes differences between actual and expected investment performance included in deferred outflows/inflows of resources on a straight-line basis over five years. Differences between expected and actual experience on actuarial assumptions are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of FRS employees. The following table summarizes the future recognition of these items:

	<u>Recognition</u>
Year ended June 30:	
2019	\$ 125
2020	(618)
2021	(1,117)
2022	(567)
	<u>\$ (2,177)</u>

Firefighter's Retirement Plan (FRP)

(a) System Description (FRP)

The FRP administers a single-employer defined-benefit pension plan providing pension benefits to the Airport firemen.

The FRP issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the Firefighters' Retirement Plan of the City of St. Louis; 1114 Market Street, Suite 900; St. Louis, Missouri 63101.

Effective February 1, 2013, benefit accruals under the Firemen's Retirement System of St. Louis (FRS) were frozen. The Firefighters' Retirement Plan of the City of St. Louis (FRP) was established as of that date to provide retirement, disability, and death benefits for service rendered after the effective date. Credited service accrued under the FRS counts toward benefit accruals under the FRP, but benefits attributable to such services are offset by the benefits payable by the FRS. Under the FRP, the plan provisions for members who were active as of February 1, 2013 (Grandfathered Participants) are substantially the same as the plan provisions for the FRS.

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The FRP provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Grandfathered members are those who were employed prior to February 1, 2013. Members can voluntarily retire after a minimum of 20 years of service and upon reaching the normal retirement age of 55. A member who has 20 years of service but has not yet reached the age of 55 may elect an early retirement with the normal retirement benefit deferred until reaching the age of 55. In lieu of a deferred retirement benefit, the member may elect to receive his/her retirement benefit beginning on his/her early retirement date or on the first day of any month thereafter prior to reaching age 55 with such benefit actuarially reduced from age 55. A member hired on or after the effective date of February 1, 2013 who terminates employment after completing 10 years of service, but before completing 20 years of service, is eligible for a full unreduced pension beginning at age 62. Such a member may elect to receive a refund of his/her contributions, plus interest, in lieu of a pension benefit.

The monthly allowance is determined by the average final monthly compensation over the last 5 years of service. For grandfathered members, the average is over the last 2 years of service. The monthly allowance consists of 40% of the applicable final average monthly compensation at 20 years of service, plus 2% of such final average compensation for each of the next five years of service, plus 5% of final average compensation for each additional year of service after 25 years with a maximum pension of 75%. Unused accrued sick pay accumulated before September 20, 2010 may increase the maximum pension beyond this limitation.

A grandfathered member with 20 or more years of credited service may elect to enter the DROP program and defer retirement for up to five years while continuing active employment. The benefit payments the participant would have received during that period are deposited into the DROP account and earn interest at a rate equal to the percentage rate of return of the Trust Fund's investment portfolio for that year. After five years or termination from the DROP plan, the participant may retire or return to regular active service. Upon termination of employment, the participant can choose to receive the DROP account with interest earned. If the participant dies prior to termination of employment, the DROP account is paid as a lump sum to the participant's beneficiary or estate. Active service while in the DROP program is not included in the credited service used to calculate the participant's final benefit amount.

Those members who elect to participate will continue active employment, will have a service retirement allowance credited monthly in the DROP account of the member, and the member's contributions will be reduced to 1% from the normal contribution percentage. During participation in the DROP, the member will not receive credit for City contributions or credit for service. A member may participate in the DROP only once for any period up to five years. At retirement the funds in the member's DROP account plus: 1) interest and 2) accrued sick leave if elected are available to the member in a lump sum or in installments.

(b) Funding Policy (FRP)

A grandfathered member with at least 20 years of service as of February 1, 2013 contribute 8% of their salary, after tax. All other members contribute 9% of their salary, pretax. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund FRP. All members who terminate employment

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before becoming eligible to receive a retirement benefit will receive a refund of all contributions plus interest. Members hired after February 1, 2013 who terminate employment before reaching age 55 and elect a refund of contributions in lieu of a pension benefit will also receive a refund of their contributions plus interest, as will grandfathered members who terminate employment before completing 20 years of service. Contributions to the FRP made on or after the inception of the FRP are not refundable to a member who receives a service retirement benefit, ordinary disability benefit, or a service connected disability benefit, except that contributions to the FRP by a grandfathered member with at least 20 years of service as of inception who receives a service retirement benefit are refundable without interest.

An agreement between the City and FRS was reached regarding the recognition of City contributions under Board Bill 109. The City made contributions to FRS from February 1, 2013 to September 30, 2013. The contributions for this period recognize the impact of Board Bill 109, certain excess Firemen's System City contributions were transferred from the FRS to the FRP.

(c) Net Pension Liability (FRP)

The Airport's net pension liability for FRP as of June 30, 2018 was measured as of September 30, 2017 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2017.

	Total pension liability (TPL) (a)	Fiduciary net position (FNP) (b)	Net pension liability (asset) (NPL) (a)-(b)
Balances at July 1, 2017	\$ 10,198	4,394	5,804
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	601	—	601
Interest	821	—	821
Difference between expected and actual experience	404	—	404
Change of assumptions	(1,968)	—	(1,968)
Benefit payments	(55)	(55)	—
Contributions – employer	—	926	(926)
Contributions – employee	—	312	(312)
Net investment income	—	590	(590)
Administrative expenses	—	(41)	41
Net changes	(197)	1,732	(1,929)
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$ 10,001	6,126	3,875

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The following were some of the significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation of the Firefighter's Plan:

Method:

Date of actuarial valuation	October 1, 2017
Actuarial cost method (GASB 67/68 Rptg)	Entry Age – Normal
Funding	Entry Age – Normal
Amortization Method/period	30-year closed from establishment
Remaining amortization period	Started February 1, 2013
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return	7.25%, net of investment expenses
Rate of payroll growth	Varies based on Participants' years of service
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Mortality	RP-2014 Blue Collar mortality table, adjusted to 2006 with MP-2017

The actuarial assumptions used in the October 2017 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period October 2013 through September 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on the FRP investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These real rates of return are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. For each major asset class that is included in the pension plans target asset allocation as of September 30, 2017, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return
Fixed income	20 %	2.20 %
Domestic large cap equity	30	5.60
Domestic mid cap equity	20	7.00
Real estate	5	6.80
International equity	25	11.60
Total	100 %	

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The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the City would make the required contributions as defined by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. For the October 1, 2017 actuarial valuation, a 7.25% discount rate was used. The sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate for the year ended June 30, 2018 for the Airport is as follows:

	Discount rate	Net pension liability
1% decrease	6.25 %	\$ 5,206
Current rate	7.25	3,875
1% increase	8.25	2,732

(d) Pension Expense (FRP)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the Airport recognized pension expense of \$838. Annual pension expense consists of service cost, interest and administrative expenses on the pension liability less employee contributions and projected earnings on pension plan investments. The difference between actual and expected earnings is recorded as a deferred outflow/inflow of resources recognized in pension expense over a five year period. The pension expense for the Airport's fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 is summarized as follows:

Service cost	\$ 601
Interest	821
Administrative expenses	41
Contributions – employee	(312)
Projected earnings on pension plan investments	(343)
Benefit changes	—
Recognized portion of change in assumptions	32
Recognized portion of current-period difference between expected and actual experience	3
Recognized portion of current-period difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	(5)
Pension expense for year ended June 30, 2018	<u>\$ 838</u>

(e) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pension (FRP)

In accordance with GASB Statement 68, the Airport recognizes differences between actual and expected experience with regard to economic or demographic factors, changes of assumptions about

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

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(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

future economic or demographic factors, the difference between actual and expected investment returns, changes in proportion, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date as deferred outflows/inflows of resources. At June 30, 2018, the Airport reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources as follows:

	Deferred outflows of resources	Deferred inflows of resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ —	126
Change in assumptions	1,390	1,722
Differences between expected and actual experience	453	268
Total	\$ 1,843	2,116

The Airport recognizes differences between actual and expected investment performance included in deferred outflows/inflows of resources on a straight-line basis over five years. Differences between expected and actual experience on actuarial assumptions are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of the FRP employees. The following table summarizes the future recognition of these items:

	Recognition
Years ended June 30:	
2019	\$ 29
2020	23
2021	(26)
2022	(15)
2023	102
Thereafter	(386)
	\$ (273)

Employees' Retirement System of the City of St. Louis (ERS)

The Airport participates in the Employees' Retirement System of the City of St. Louis (Employees' System), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, public defined-benefit retirement plan.

(a) System Description (ERS)

All nonuniformed employees of the Airport become members of the Employees' System upon employment, with the exception of employees hired after attaining age 60.

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The Employees' System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the Employees Retirement System of the City of St. Louis; 1114 Market Street, Suite 900; St. Louis, Missouri 63101.

The Employees' System provides for defined-benefit payments for retirement, death, or disability to eligible employees or their beneficiaries based upon creditable service, final average compensation, and a benefit compensation base. Benefits vest to employees covered by the Employees' System after the employee has attained five years of creditable service. Employees retire with full retirement benefits after the age 65 or if the employee's age and creditable service combined equal or exceed 85. Employees may retire and receive a reduced benefit after age 60, with five years of creditable service; age 55, with 20 years of creditable service; or at any age after 30 years of creditable service. The monthly pension benefits of all retirees or their beneficiaries are adjusted according to the changes in the consumer price index of the U.S. Department of Labor. Increases are limited each year, with total increases to retirees or their beneficiaries limited to 25%.

On June 8, 2000, the Mayor of the City approved an ordinance passed by the Board of Aldermen, Authorizing a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP), which became effective January 1, 2001. This plan states that when members reach retirement age, they are allowed to work for five additional years and defer receipt of their retirement allowance. The calculation of average salary for retirement benefits will not include the additional years of service after normal retirement age. The amount that would have been received as retirement benefit is put in a special DROP account monthly. The DROP account will not be adjusted for cost-of-living increases as the normal retirement benefits are. The DROP account earns interest at the actuarial valuation rate of return and at the 10-year U.S. Treasury Bond yield as of September 30 for DROP participants enrolling February 1, 2003 and thereafter. After the member completely terminates employment, the member can withdraw amounts from the DROP account in a lump sum or according to a deferred retirement payment plan.

(b) Funding Policy (ERS)

The Employees System's funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to accumulate assets to pay benefits when due. If contributions are necessary, level percentage of payroll employer contribution rates are determined using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method.

Employer contribution rates are established annually by the Board of Trustees of the Employees' System based on an actuarial study. Deductions from plan net assets are financed from plan additions. The Board of Trustees established the required employer-contributions-rate-based active member payroll of 12.22% effective July 2017 and 12.51% effective July 2016.

Employees who became members of the Employees' System prior to October 14, 1977, and continue to make contributions, may make voluntary contributions to the Employees' System equal to 3% of their compensation until the employee's compensation equals the maximum annual taxable earnings under the Federal Social Security Act. Thereafter, employees may contribute 6% of their compensation for the remainder of the calendar year. The Airport's contributions to the Employee's system for the year ended June 30, 2018 were \$2,552.

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(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

(c) Net Pension Liability (ERS)

The Airport reported a liability of \$15,333 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2018. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2017 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2017. The Airport's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Airport's share of contributions to the Employees System relative to the contributions of all Employees System participating employers. As of September 30, 2017, the Airport's collective proportion was 8.83%, which was a decrease of 0.10 from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2016.

(d) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (ERS)

The following were some of the significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation of the Employee's System:

Date of actuarial valuation	October 1, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Layered 20 year amortization of unfunded liability
Remaining amortization period	20 years as of October 1, 2015
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.50%
Discount rate	7.50%
Projected salary increases	3.00% plus merit component based on employee's years of service
Mortality	RP-2000 healthy mortality 3-year set forward with generational projections using Scale AA

The actuarial assumptions used in the October 1, 2017 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed in 2015 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions.

The long-term expected rate of return on the Employees System investments was determined using a building-block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These rates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the Employees System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the last capital market assumption. Specifically, the Employees System uses Summit Strategies Group capital market assumptions in analyzing the Employees System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the Employees Systems' formal policy for asset allocation are shown below.

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(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to the expected long-term real return and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

For each major asset class that is included in the pension plan target asset allocation as of September 30, 2017, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Large cap	\$ 17.00 %	7.30 %
Small cap	4.00	7.00
International large cap	15.30	7.30
Emerging markets	6.20	9.30
High yield	5.00	5.30
Master limited partnerships	7.50	10.80
Private equity	5.00	9.80
Core fixed income	12.50	3.80
International fixed income	4.00	3.50
Core real estate	10.00	6.50
Treasury inflation protected securities	3.50	3.50
Hedge funds	10.00	5.00
	<u>\$ 100.00 %</u>	

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plans fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. For the October 1, 2017 actuarial valuation, a 7.50% discount rate was used. The sensitivity of

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

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(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate for the year ended June 30, 2018 for the Airport is as follows:

	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Net pension liability (NPL)</u>
1% decrease	6.50 %	\$ 24,065
Current rate	7.50	15,333
1% increase	8.50	7,861

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Employees System Financial Report.

(e) Pension Expense (ERS)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the Airport recognized pension expense of \$2,384. Annual pension expense consists of service cost, interest, and administrative expenses on the pension liability less employee contributions and projected earnings on pension plan investments. The difference between actual and expected earnings is recorded as a deferred outflow/inflow of resources recognized in pension expense over a five-year period.

(f) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pension (ERS)

In accordance with GASB Statement 68, the Airport recognizes differences between actual and expected experience with regard to economic or demographic factors, changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors, the difference between actual and expected investment returns, changes in proportion, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date as deferred outflows/inflows of resources. At June 30, 2018, the Airport reported deferred outflows of resources and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources as follows:

	<u>Deferred outflows of resources</u>	<u>Deferred inflows of resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ —	364
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	167	—
Changes in assumptions	—	—
Changes in proportion	20	123
Airport contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,966	—
Total	<u>\$ 2,153</u>	<u>487</u>

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June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

The \$1,966 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Airport's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018.

The Airport recognizes differences between actual and expected investment performance included in deferred outflows/inflows of resources on a straight-line basis over five years. Differences between expected and actual experience on actuarial assumptions are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of the Employee System. The following table summarizes the future recognition of these items:

	<u>Recognition</u>
Years ended June 30:	
2019	\$ 353
2020	647
2021	(763)
2022	(537)
2023	—
Thereafter	—
Total	<u>\$ (300)</u>

During fiscal year 2008, the City of St. Louis Municipal Finance Corporation issued \$46,700 in Taxable Leasehold Revenue and Refunding Bonds Series 2007 (Pension Funding Project) to fund the Employees System. While the Airport is not legally responsible for these bonds, \$5,510 of the proceeds was allocated to the Airport. A \$4,704 liability is reflected on the balance sheet and is payable to the City of St. Louis by June 30, 2037.

(15) Commitments and Contingencies

At June 30, 2018, the Airport had outstanding commitments amounting to approximately \$20,838 resulting primarily from contracts for construction projects. In addition, the Airport has \$51,763 in outstanding commitments resulting from service agreements.

In connection with federal grant programs, the Airport is obligated to administer the related programs, spend the grant monies in accordance with regulatory restrictions, and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. In cases of noncompliance, the agencies involved may require the Airport to refund program monies.

Finally, certain lawsuits were pending against the City that involved the Airport. In the opinion of Airport officials and legal counsel, these actions are not expected to have a material effect, individually or in the aggregate, on the financial position or results of operations of the Airport.

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

(16) Risk Management

The Airport is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Airport participates in the Public Facilities Protection Corporation (PFPC), an internal service fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri. The purpose of PFPC is to account for risks in which the City is self-insured, primarily workers' compensation, unemployment benefits, certain general liability, and various other claims and legal actions. All self-insured claims liabilities and payments are recorded in PFPC. The Airport reimburses PFPC for workers' compensation claims on a cost-reimbursement basis. During the year ended June 30, 2018, expenses related to the Airport's participation in PFPC amounted to \$1,229 and are reflected as interfund services used in the accompanying basic financial statements. At June 30, 2018, the Airport owed PFPC \$2,776 for unreimbursed workers' compensation claims.

The Airport purchases commercial insurance for other risks it considers significant, including general liability, public officials' liability, property damage, employee honesty bond, business auto, and insurance on its fine arts. Settled claims did not exceed commercial coverage in any of the last three years.

(17) Pledged Revenues

The Airport has pledged future specific revenue streams, net of specified operating expenses, to secure the repayment of \$630,255 in various long-term debt issuances, as outlined in note 6. The general purpose of the various long-term debt issuances is for land acquisition and construction of the capital assets at the Airport. The bonds are payable from Airport net revenues and are payable through July 2048. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 80% of estimated Airport net revenues. As of June 30, 2018, the total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$931,527. Principal and interest paid was \$62,926 for the year ended June 30, 2018. The pledged net revenue recognized for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$81,653.

(18) Subsequent Events

In connection with the preparation of the financial statements, the Airport evaluated subsequent events, and noted no additional items to disclose through December 12, 2018, which was the date the financial statements were issued.

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
(An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Analysis of Cash and Investment Accounts

Year ended June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands)

	Unrestricted		Unrestricted funds designated			Restricted held by trustee bond fund		Restricted other restricted funds					Total
	Revenue fund	Revenue fund subaccount	Operation and maintenance fund	Development fund (ADF)/ Debt Service Stabilization fund (DSSF)	Construction fund	Debt service account	Debt service reserve account	Renewal and replacement fund	Passenger facility charge fund	Stabilization fund	Construction fund	DEA fund	
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$ 13,622	9,822	1,579	85,584	(1,687)	352,062	27,927	3,500	26,505	38,211	984	2,210	560,139
Cash deposited with City Treasurer	153,909	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	28,441	—	—	—	182,350
Cash receipts	(11)	—	—	3	(678)	267	4	—	240	—	24	298	147
Transfer in accordance with ordinance	(143,531)	6,688	84,905	12,633	—	65,764	(4,477)	—	(36,139)	—	14,157	—	—
Vouchers and requisitions paid	(12,684)	—	(85,086)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(437)	(98,207)
Bond proceeds	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Payments	—	—	—	—	—	(252,165)	—	—	—	—	—	—	(252,165)
Interest	—	—	—	—	—	(30,978)	(1,305)	(3,500)	(25,378)	—	(242)	—	(30,978)
Refunding of bonds	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Capitalized interest	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Payments to the City of 5% of gross receipts	—	(5,302)	—	—	—	—	4,397	—	—	—	—	—	4,397
Receipts from FAA, TSA, and MoDOT	—	—	—	11,639	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(5,302)
Gain on extinguished debt	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11,639
Transfers from development fund to ordinance fund	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Capital appropriations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Capital expenditures	—	—	—	(22,813)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$ 11,305	11,008	1,398	87,046	(2,345)	109,772	26,546	3,500	19,047	38,211	14,923	2,071	322,482

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Schedule II

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
 (An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Schedule of 2005 Revenue Refunding Bonds Payable

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands)

Maturity on July 1	Interest rate	Principal maturity
2018	5.50 %	\$ 21,955
2019	5.50	21,705
2024	5.50	2,515
2025	5.50	2,655
2026	5.50	2,795
2027	5.50	24,545
2028	5.50	26,135
2029	5.50	27,570
2030	5.50	29,090
2031	5.50	30,690
		<u>\$ 189,655</u>

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Schedule III

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
 (An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Schedule of 2007A Revenue Refunding Bonds Payable

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands)

Maturity on July 1	Interest rate	Principal maturity
2025	5.25 %	\$ 10,000
2026	5.25	24,105
		<u>\$ 34,105</u>

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

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Schedule IV

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
 (An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Schedule of 2009A Revenue Bonds Payable

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands)

Maturity on July 1	Interest rate	Principal maturity
2018	5.375 %	\$ 3,535
2019	6.000	3,720
2020	6.125	3,945
2021	6.125	4,185
2022	6.125	4,445
2023	6.125	4,715
2024	6.125	5,005
2025	6.250	5,310
2026	6.250	5,645
2027	6.250	5,995
2028	6.250	6,370
2029	6.250	6,770
2030	6.625	7,190
2031	6.625	7,670
2032	6.625	8,175
2033	6.625	8,720
2034	6.625	9,295
		<u>\$ 100,690</u>

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Schedule V

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
(An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Schedule of 2012 Revenue Refunding Bonds Payable

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands)

Maturity on July 1	Interest rate	Principal maturity
2018	5.00 % \$	1,040
2019	3.00	1,090
2020	3.25	1,130
2021	5.00	1,165
2022	5.00	1,220
2023	5.00	1,280
2024	5.00	1,345
2025	4.00	1,415
2026	5.00	1,465
2027	4.25	1,545
2028	5.00	1,610
2029	4.25	1,690
2030	—	—
2031	—	—
2032	5.00	7,185
		<u>\$ 23,180</u>

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Schedule VI

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
 (An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Schedule of 2013 Revenue Refunding Bonds Payable

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands)

<u>Maturity on July 1</u>	<u>Interest rate</u>	<u>Principal maturity</u>
2018	5.00 %	\$ 6,885
		\$ 6,885

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Schedule VII

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
(An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Schedule of 2015 Revenue Refunding Bonds Payable

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands)

Maturity on July 1	Interest rate	Principal maturity
2020	5.00 %	\$ 6,775
2021	5.00	4,625
2022	5.00	3,670
2023	5.00	2,240
		<u>\$ 17,310</u>

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Schedule VIII

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
 (An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Schedule of 2017A Revenue Refunding Bonds Payable

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands)

Maturity on July 1	Interest rate	Principal maturity
2020	5.00 % \$	16,500
2021	5.00	20,810
2022	5.00	22,925
2023	5.00	19,385
2024	5.00	20,365
2025	5.00	11,380
2026	5.00	—
2027	5.00	2,065
2028	5.00	2,170
2029	5.00	2,275
2030	5.00	2,390
2031	5.00	2,510
2032	5.00	2,635
		<u>\$ 125,410</u>

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Schedule IX

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
 (An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Schedule of 2017B Revenue Refunding Bonds Payable

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands)

Maturity on July 1	Interest rate	Principal maturity
2018	5.00 %	\$ 2,365
2019	4.00	9,800
2020	4.00	8,345
2021	5.00	7,525
2022	5.00	8,010
2023	5.00	7,430
2024	5.00	7,625
2025	5.00	8,005
2026	5.00	6,780
2027	5.00	8,830
		<u>\$ 74,715</u>

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Schedule X

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
 (An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Schedule of 2017C Revenue Refunding Bonds Payable

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands)

Maturity on July 1	Interest rate	Principal maturity
2038	5.00 % \$	2,520
2039	5.00	2,645
2040	5.00	2,780
2041	5.00	2,920
2042	5.00	3,065
2043	5.00	3,215
2044	5.00	3,375
2045	5.00	3,545
2046	5.00	3,725
2047	5.00	3,910
		<u>\$ 31,700</u>

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
 (An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Schedule of 2017D Revenue Refunding Bonds Payable

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands)

Maturity on July 1	Interest rate	Principal maturity
2028	5.00 % \$	2,115
2029	5.00	2,220
2030	5.00	2,335
2031	5.00	2,450
2032	5.00	2,570
2033	5.00	2,700
2034	5.00	2,835
2035	5.00	2,975
2036	5.00	3,125
2037	5.00	3,280
		<u>\$ 26,605</u>

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

ST. LOUIS LAMBERT INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT
(An Enterprise Fund of the City of St. Louis, Missouri)

Schedule of Insurance

June 30, 2018

(Dollars in thousands)

Insurer	Amount	Expiration date	Character of coverage
Starr Aviation	\$ 350,000	9/30/2018	Airport Owners and Operators Liability
AIG	900,754	9/30/2018	Property damage and business interruption
ACE Municipal Advantage	7,000	9/30/2018	Public official's and employee's liability
Granite States Insurance Company	1,000	9/30/2018	Business auto and excess
Lexington	20,949	9/30/2018	Inland Marine/Property equipment
Nationwide Mutual	100	10/31/2018	Surety Bond US Customs
Harleysville	5,410	10/31/2018	Property for Bridgeton Army Guard location
Ascent	5,000	3/14/2019	Cyber Liability
Chubb	25	3/14/2019	Crime Policy

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